

Sharing Places

Commoning in rural communities

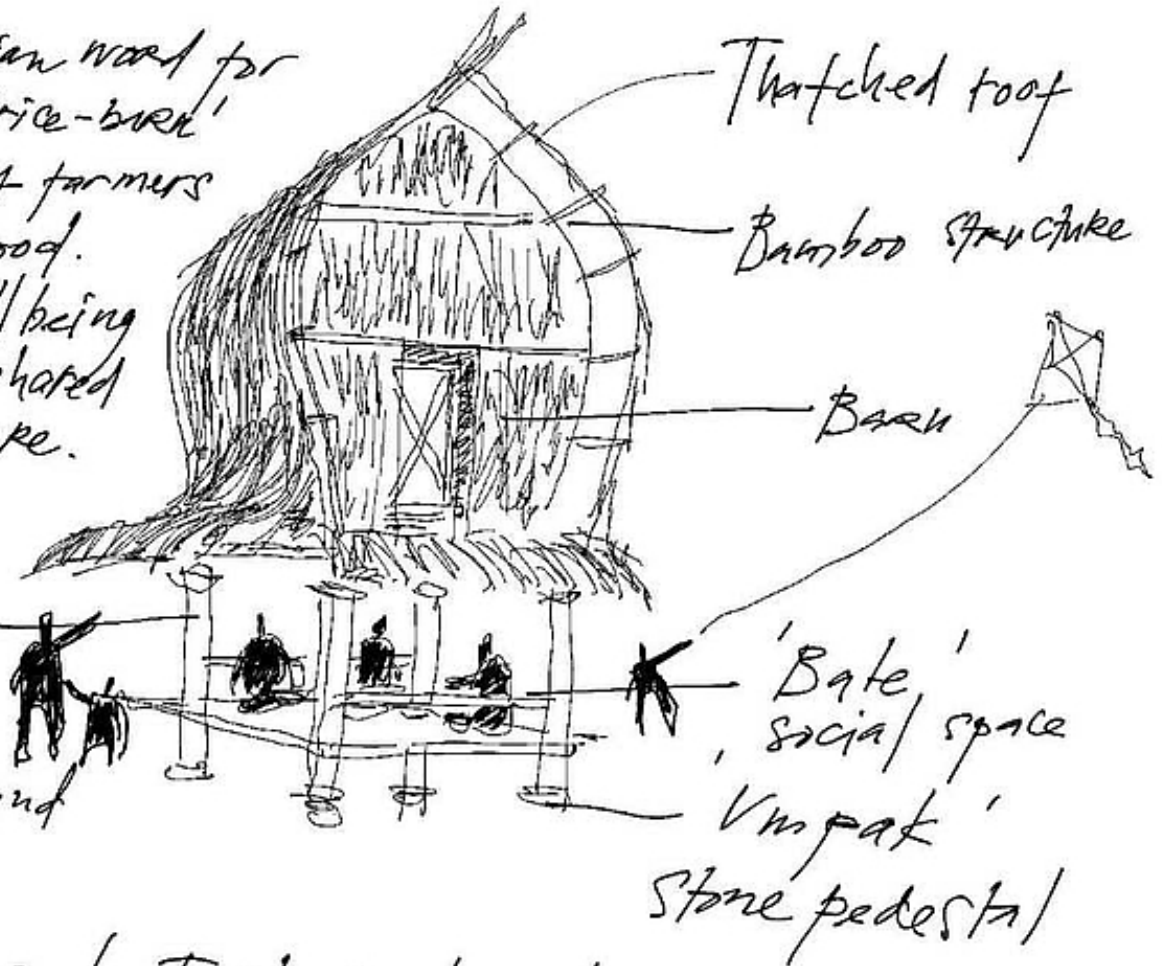


How can the village **share resources** to support greater self-sufficiency and cultural production?

'LUMBUNG'

Lumbung is the Indonesian word for a collectively governed 'rice-bank' where harvest surplus of farmers is store for common good. It serves community's well being on longer term through shared resources and mutual care.

And it's organised through a set of values, collective rituals and organizational principles.



Sasak Tribe's Lumbung, Lombok island

shared
things
(rice)



shared
space
(gathering)

Sharing *things* requires *shared space*
and *shared community*.

What is Commoning?

Commoning is another word for the practice of *sharing*, in order for us to meet our basic needs and live well with each other and our world.

Commons usually have:

1. Shared Resource

This can be land, like a forest or pasture, or surplus, like food, or things like air we breathe and the language we speak.

2. The People

A commons is not a place, or thing, but a *social relationship*.

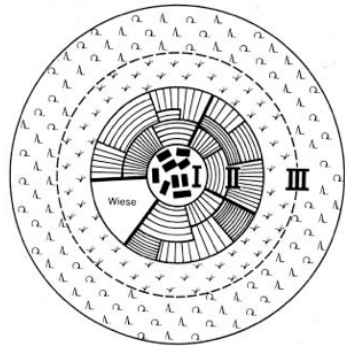
3. The Rules

Like any social relationship, a commons is reliant on the rules of how it is sustainably managed and accessed



What is Commoning?

Then



Ring-shaped model of a village: I village with gardens, II fields and meadows, III common pastures and woods (Rösener 1985, 56)

Now



How can the village **share resources** to support greater *self-sufficiency* and *cultural production*?

Tools!

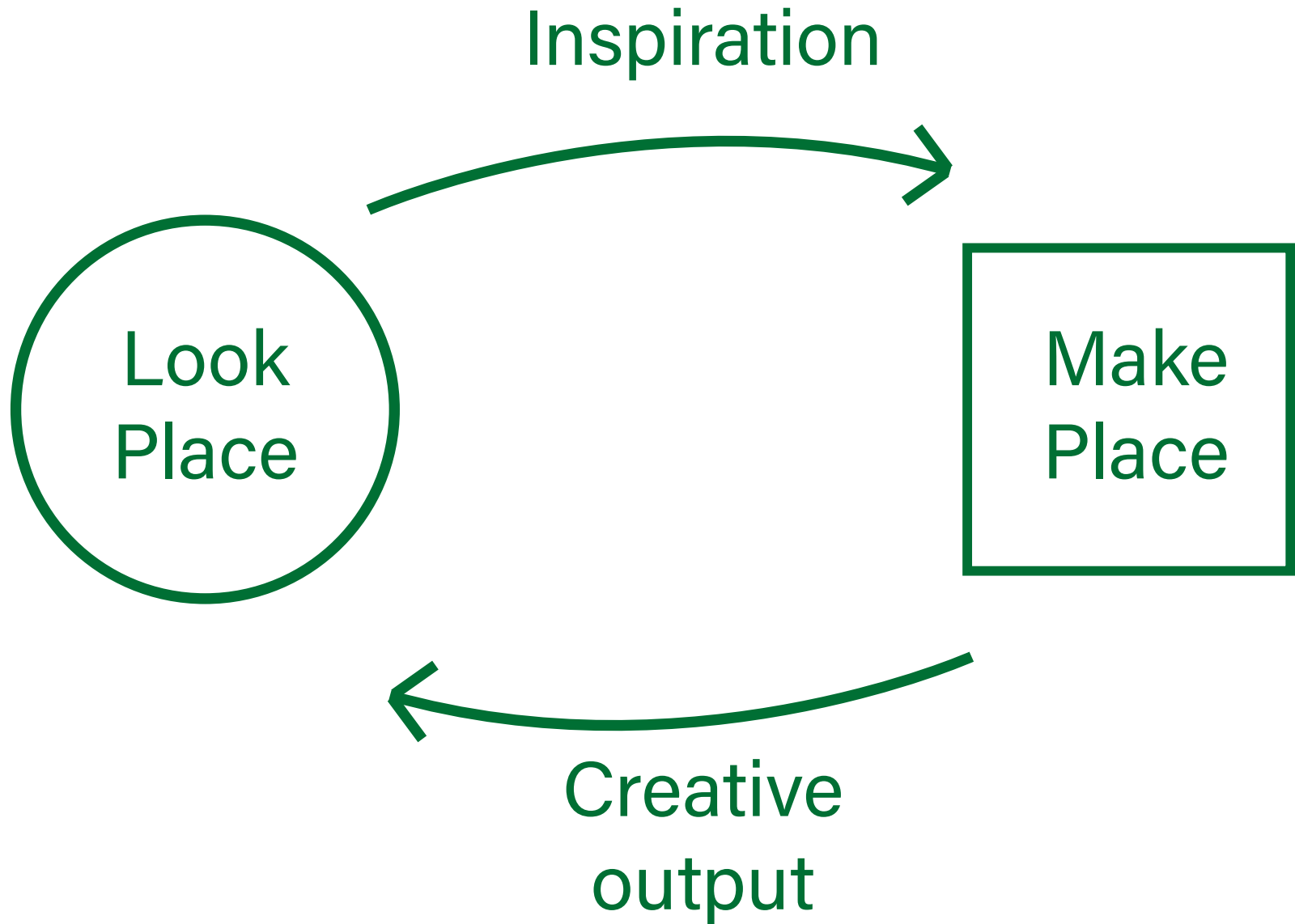
Stories!

1. Schauplatz / *Look Place*:

gathering space and sharing events/ art (theater)

2. Werkzeugsplatz / *Make Place*:

tool library and collaboration space (workshop)



Danke!

